

Mark Scheme (Results)

November 2021

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Mathematics A (4MA1) Paper 1F

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.

Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.

- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

• Types of mark

- M marks: method marks
- A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

• Abbreviations

- cao correct answer only
- o ft follow through
- o isw ignore subsequent working
- o SC special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)

- dep dependent
- o indep independent
- awrt answer which rounds to
- eeoo each error or omission

• No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks

If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

• With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

If a candidate misreads a number from the question. Eg. Uses 252 instead of 255; method marks may be awarded provided the question has not been simplified. Examiners should send any instance of a suspected misread to review. If there is a choice of methods shown, mark the method that leads to the answer on the answer line; where no answer is given on the answer line, award the lowest mark from the methods shown.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

• Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

• Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded to another. Apart from Questions 18 & 19 (where the mark scheme states otherwise), the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method.

Question	Working	Answer	Mark		Notes
1 (a)		5 8	2	B1 B1	B2 for 2 correct only. B1 for 1
		25 40			correct only
					– 1 mark for each incorrect tick if
					more than 2 ticks
(b)		Octagon	1	B1	Accept misspellings
(c)		6 'sectors' shaded	1	B1	Shading equivalent to 6 sectors
		oe			
(d)	$\frac{56 \times 3}{4} (= \frac{168}{4}) \text{ or } \frac{56}{4} \times 3 (= 14 \times 3)$		2	M1	
		42		A1	
					Total 6 marks

2 (a)		Sevilla	1	B1 Accept misspellings	
(b)		66 000	1	B1	
(c)		600	1	B1 Accept in words ie 6	hundred(s), six
				hundred(s)	
(d)		2:3	1	B1 Allow 1:1.5	
(e)	$\frac{72}{100}$		2	M1 or $\frac{36}{50}$	
		$\frac{18}{25}$		A1	
					Total 6 marks

Questi	ion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes	
3	(a)		Wednesday	1	B1	Accept Wed
	(b)		55	1	B1	
	(c)		Correct Bars	1	B1	Susan 1.5 cm, Philip 4 cm (and having the correct key)
	(d)	$\frac{25}{100} \times 180$ or 0.25×180 or $180 \div 4$ oe		2	M1	
			45		A1	
						Total 5 marks

4 (a)		Chicago	1	B1	Accept misspellings
(b)		16	1	B1	accept –16
(c)	$-1+2 \times 3$		2	M1	for clearly adding 3 lots of 2
					or the sequence $-1, 1, 3, 5$
		5		A1	
					Total 4 marks

5	(a)	800 × 1.75			2	M1	
				1400		A1	
	(b)	$60 - (98 \div 1.75)$ oe	60×1.75-98 (= 7) and "7"÷1.75		2	M1	accept (98 ÷ 1.75) – 60
				4		A1	accept – 4
							Total 4 marks

6	(a)		(1, 4)	1	B1	
	(b)	180 + "68" or 360 – "112"		2	M1	accept 66° to 70° or 110° to 114°
						seen or used.
			248		A1	accept 246° to 250°
	(c)		5.4	1	B1	accept 5.2 cm to 5.6 cm
						ignore answer line if 1dp answer
						given on diagram or in space.
	(d)		27	1	B1ft	ft " <i>their</i> c" \times 5 if B1 awarded in part
						(c)
	(e)		2 hr 20 min	2	B1	for 2 hours
					B1	for 20 minutes
						if no marks awarded,
						SC B1 for eg 1hr 80min or 140min
						Total 7 marks

7	(a)		4	1	B1
	(b)		24ab	1	B1 accept $ab24$ etc. but no \times signs
	(c)	8w + w or $-4y(+) - 3y$		2	M1 M1 for $9w$ or $-7y$
			9w-7y		A1
	(d)		4(4 + 3t) oe	2	B2 if not B2 then B1 for $2(8 + 6t)$
					Total 6 marks

8	(a)	2+4+6+5		2	M1	
			17		A1	
	(b)	8 + 5 + 6		2	M1	
			19		A1	
	(c)	3 + 4 + 2 + 5		2	M1	
			14		A1	If no marks awarded.
						SC B1 for 6 + 4 + 2 + 2 + 1 (=15)
						Total 6 marks

					Total 3 marks
		9		A1	
	$(0.3 \times 4 \times 0) - (0.23 \times 0.3 \times 4 \times 0) = 0.000$				Allow M1 for consistent use of incorrect side lengths, eg $0.5 \times 5 \times 7$
	or $(0.5 \times 4 \times 6) - (0.25 \times "0.5 \times 4 \times 6")$ oe				parallelogram (2×3) or 1 triangle $(0.5 \times 3 \times 2)$
	or $2 \times 3 + 0.5 \times 2 \times 3$				if not M2 then M1 for either area of 1 large
9	$(0.5 \times 4 \times 6) - (0.5 \times 2 \times 3)$		3	M2	if not M2 then M1 for either $0.5 \times 4 \times 6$ (= 12) or $0.5 \times 2 \times 3$ (= 3)

10 ((a)	eg $\frac{3}{10} \times \frac{4}{1} (= \frac{12}{10})$ or $\frac{6}{20} \div \frac{5}{20}$ or $\frac{12}{40} \div \frac{10}{40}$		2	M1	Inverting $\frac{1}{4}$ and changing to multiply or writing both fractions with the same denominator.
		$eg \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{4}{1} = \frac{12}{10} = \frac{6}{5}$ or $\frac{6}{20} \div \frac{5}{20} = \frac{6}{5}$ or $eg \frac{3}{10} \div \frac{4}{1}^{2} = \frac{6}{5}$	shown		A1	Conclusion to $\frac{6}{5}$ from correct working – either sight of the result of the multiplication eg $\frac{12}{10}$ must be seen or correct cancelling prior to multiplication. NB use of decimals scores no marks.
((b)	eg $\frac{10}{12} - \frac{9}{12}$ or $\frac{20}{24} - \frac{18}{24}$ oe or eg $\frac{10 - 9}{12}$		2	M1	for correct fractions with a common denominator of 12 or a multiple of 12.
		eg $\frac{10}{12} - \frac{9}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$ or $\frac{20}{24} - \frac{18}{24} = \frac{2}{24} = \frac{1}{12}$ oe	clearly shown		A1	dep on M1 for a correct answer from fully correct working.
						Total 4 marks

11	(a)	6.04(0344)		2	M1	Either numerator or denominator
		1.11(3552873)				correct (at least 3 digits needed)
						or for an answer of 5.42 to 5.4243
						rounded or truncated.
			5.4243(89042)		A1	accept 5.4243 or 5.4244 or better.
	(b)		5.4	1	B1ft	ft their answer to (a), must have at
						least 3 sig figs in part (a)
						Total 3 marks

12	(a)		Enlargement	3	B1	for enlargement, enlarge, etc so long
						as no mention of rotation, reflection
						or translation, flip, move etc.
			scale factor 3		B 1	SF 3, triple, three times etc. with no
						mention of a vector, line, angle of
						rotation.
			centre (0, 0)		B1	Accept centre O or the origin
	(b)	line $x = 5$ drawn		2	M1	Can be implied by correct answer.
		or shape in correct orientation, not				
		necessarily in correct position.				
			Shape with vertices at		A1	
			(7, 2), (7, 4), (8, 3), (9, 3), (9, 2)			
						Total 5 marks

	Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
13	(a)		e^{6}	1	B1 cao
	(b)	$x^2 - 3x + x - 3$		2	M1 for any 3 correct terms
					or
					for 4 out of 4 correct terms ignoring signs
					or
					for $x^2 - 2x$
					or
					for $-2x - 3$
		Correct answer scores full marks (unless from	$x^2 - 2x - 3$		A1
		obvious incorrect working)			
					Total 3 marks

14	$30^2 + h^2 = 52^2$ oe or $900 + h^2 = 2704$		3	M1 for applying Pythagoras theorem correctly
	$(h^2 =) 52^2 - 30^2 (=1804)$ or			
	$(h^2 =) 2704 - 900 (= 1804)$			
	$(h=)\sqrt{52^2-30^2} (=\sqrt{1804}) (=42.47352)$ or			M1 for square rooting
	$(h=)\sqrt{2704-900} (=\sqrt{1804}) (=42.47352)$			
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	42.5		A1 awrt 42.5 or allow $2\sqrt{451}$
				Total 3 marks

15 (a)	$54 \div 9 \times 4$ oe or $\frac{4}{9} \times 54$ oe		2	M1 Allow 0.44(44) × 54 or $\frac{24}{54}$
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working	24		A1
(b)	$\frac{"24"+n}{54+n} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ or } \frac{30}{60} \text{ or}$ 54 - "24" (= 30) and "30" - "24" or 2 × "30" - 54		2	M1 ft if "24" < 27 or $\frac{6}{60}$
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	6		A1
				Total 4 marks

16	$2 \times 0.75 (= 1.5)$ oe or $2 \times 0.75 \times 2 (= 3)$ oe		5	M1 for area of rectangle
	$\pi \times (0.5 \div 2)^2 (= 0.1963)$ or			M1 for area of circle
	$\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times (0.5 \div 2)^2 (= 0.09817)$			or area of semicircle
	"1.5" - "0.09817" (= 1.4018) or "3" - "0.1963" (= 2.8036)			M1
	"1.4018" × 2 × 250 ÷ 4 (= 175.228) or "2.8036" × 250 ÷ 4 (= 175.228) or "1.4018" × 250 ÷ 4 (= 87.6)			M1or for 87 – 88
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	175		A1 Allow 175 – 176
				Total 5 marks

17	LW = 180 oe $(9LW = 1620)$ or		5	M2 for any two correct equations from
	$4L \times (L + W) = 1620$ oe or			
	$5W \times (L + W) = 1620$ oe or			(i) $LW = 180$ oe $(9LW = 1620)$
	$4L = 5W$ oe $(L = \frac{5}{4}W$ oe or $W = \frac{4}{5}L$ oe)			(ii) $4L \times (L + W) = 1620$ oe
	$4L = 5W \text{ of } (L = \frac{4}{4}W \text{ of of } W = \frac{1}{5}L \text{ of })$			(iii) $5W \times (L + W) = 1620$ oe
				(iv) $4L = 5W$ oe $(L = \frac{5}{4}W$ oe or $W = \frac{4}{5}L$ oe)
				(M1 for one correct equation or $1620 \div 9 (= 180)$)
	4 H 1100 H 1100 H 1100 H			M1 for a correct equation in terms of one variable
	$L \times "\frac{4}{5}L" = "180"$ oe or $W \times "\frac{5}{4}W" = "180"$ oe or			only
	$4L \times \left(L + \frac{4}{5}L\right) = 1620 \text{ oe or}$			
	$5W \times \left(\frac{5}{4}W + W\right) = 1620$ oe or			
	$9L\left("\frac{4}{5}L"\right) = 1620 \text{ oe or } 9\left("\frac{5}{4}W"\right)W = 1620 \text{ oe or }$			
	$4\left(\left\ \frac{180}{W}\right\ ^{2}+4(180)\right)=1620$ oe or			
	$5("180") + 5\left("\frac{180}{L}"\right)^2 = 1620$ oe			
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from	<i>L</i> = 15		A2 for both correct
	obvious incorrect working)	and		(A1 for one correct)
		W = 12		Award 4 marks for $L = 12$ and $W = 15$ dep on M3
				Total 5 marks

$5a+3p=196$ and $3a+2p=122$ oeInterpret of the calculation to find 0.22 or 0.26 or 0.74 and 0.48 oe)throughout, e.g. 5 apples + 3 pears = 1.96 and 3 apples + 2 pears = 1.22E.g. $15a+9p=5.88$ $15a+10p=6.1\ 0$ SubtractingE.g. $10a+6p=3.66$ SubtractingE.g. $0.26 or 0.74 and 0.48 oe)$ M1 for a correct method to eliminate a or p: coefficients of a or $3.92-3.66 (= 0.26)$ oe or $106(-1.22)(-0.74)$	Elin	nination				
$\frac{13a+9p=3.88}{15a+10p=6.1\ 0} = \frac{10a+6p=3.92}{9a+6p=3.66}$ Subtracting $(-p=-0.22)$ $\frac{15a+10p=6.1\ 0}{(a=0.26)} = \frac{10a+6p=3.92}{3.92-3.66\ (=0.26)\ 0e}$ or $\frac{1.96-1.22\ (=0.74)\ 0e}{1.96-1.22\ (=0.74)\ 0e}$ and $\frac{1.22-"0.74"\ (=0.48)}{1.22-"0.74"\ (=0.48)}$ $\frac{1.96-1.22\ (=0.74)\ 0e}{1.96-1.22\ (=0.74)\ 0e}$ and $\frac{1.22-"0.74"\ (=0.48)}{1.22-"0.74"\ (=0.48)}$ $\frac{1.96-1.22\ (=0.74)\ 0e}{1.96-1.22\ (=0.74)\ 0e}$ and $\frac{1.22-"0.74"\ (=0.48)}{1.22-"0.74"\ (=0.48)}$ $\frac{1.96-1.22\ (=0.74)\ 0e}{1.96-1.22\ (=0.74)\ 0e}$ $\frac{1.96-1.22\ (=0.74)\ 0e}{1.96-1.22\ (=0.74)\ 0e}$ $\frac{1.96-1.22\ (=0.74)\ 0e}{1.96-(-0.66)\ (=1.3(0))}$ $\frac{1.96-"0.66"\ (=1.3(0))}{1.96-"0.66"\ (=1.3(0))}$ $\frac{1.96-"0.66"\ (=1.3(0))}{1.96-"1.3(0)"\ (=0.66)\ 0e}$ $\frac{1.96-"1.3(0)''\ (=0.66)\ 0e}{1.96-"1.3(0)''\ (=0.66)\ 0e}$	18	or $5a + 3p = 196$ and $3a + 3p = 196$	2p = 122 oe	method (must see the calculation to find 0.22 or 0.26 or 0.74 and 0.48 oe) E.g.	5	Allow the use of apples and pears oe throughout, e.g. 5 apples + 3 pears = 1.96 and 3 apples + 2 pears = 1.22
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline 5a+3("0.22")=1.96 & or & s(a+p)=0.48 \times 10 \text{ oe or } k(a+p)=k(0.48) \times \frac{10}{k} \\ \hline begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline 5a+3("0.22")=1.96 & or & s(a+p)=k(0.48) \times \frac{10}{k} \\ \hline begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } \hline 5a+3("0.22")=1.22 & on & s(a+p)=k(0.48) \times \frac{10}{k} \\ \hline begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline 5a+3("0.22")=1.22 & on & s(a+p)=k(0.48) \times \frac{10}{k} \\ \hline begin{tabular}{ c c } \hline 5a+3("0.22")=1.22 & on & s(a+p)=k(0.48) \times \frac{10}{k} \\ \hline begin{tabular}{ c c } \hline 5a+3("0.22")=1.22 & on & s(a+p)=k(0.48) \times \frac{10}{k} \\ \hline begin{tabular}{ c c } \hline 5a+3("0.22")=1.22 & on & s(a+p)=k(0.48) \times \frac{10}{k} \\ \hline begin{tabular}{ c c } \hline begin{tab$		$15a+10p = 6.1 \ 0$ Subtracting (-p = -0.22) E.g. $5a+3p = 1.96$ and	9a + 6p = 3.66 Subtracting (a = 0.26)	or 3.92 - 3.66 (= 0.26) oe or 1.96 - 1.22 (= 0.74) oe		<i>p</i> the same and correct operation to eliminate selected variable (condone
$a + p = 0.48$ oe" $0.66" \div 3 (= 0.22)$ or Apple and pear is 0.48 oe $k(a + p) = k(0.48)$ or for a complete arithmetical method to find the other value $10 \times "0.26" + 10 \times "0.22"$ or $(a + p =) 0.48 \times 10$ oe or Working required $k(a + p) = k(0.48) \times \frac{10}{k}$ M1 (dep on M3) can be implied by $10(a + p)$ provided a and p must be > 0Working required $4.8(0)$ A1 dep M2		5a+3("0.22") = 1.96 or 3a+2("0.22") = 1.22	5("0.26") + 3p = 196 or	$3 \times 0.22 (= 0.66)$ $1.96 - "0.66" (= 1.3(0))$ $"1.3(0)" \div 5 (= 0.26)$ or $5 \times 0.26 (= 1.3(0))$		<pre>their value found (must be > 0) of one variable into one of the equations or for repeating above method to find second variable or</pre>
$10 \times 0.26^{\circ} + 10 \times 0.22^{\circ}$ or $(a + p =) 0.48 \times 10$ oe or $k(a + p) = k(0.48) \times \frac{1}{k}$ $10(a + p)$ provided a and p must be > 0Working required $4.8(0)$ A1 dep M2		a + p = 0.48 oe		"0.66" ÷ 3 (= 0.22) or		k(a+p) = k(0.48) or for a complete arithmetical method
			or $(a + p =) 0.48 \times 10$ oe or	$k(a+p) = k(0.48) \times \frac{10}{k}$		10($a + p$) provided a and p must be > 0
		Working required			4.8(0)	*

Substitutio	n			
18	5a+3p=1.96 and 3a+2p=1.22 oe or 5a+3p=196 and 3a+2p=122 oe		5	M1 for setting up both equations oe Allow the use of apples and pears oe throughout, e.g. 5 apples + 3 pears = 1.96 and 3 apples + 2 pears = 1.22
	E.g. $3\left(\frac{1.96-3p}{5}\right)+2p=1.22 \text{ or}$ $5\left(\frac{1.22-2p}{3}\right)+3p=1.96 \text{ or}$ $3a+2\left(\frac{1.96-5a}{3}\right)=1.22 \text{ or}$ $5a+3\left(\frac{1.22-3a}{2}\right)=1.96 \text{ or}$ $p=0.22 \text{ or } a=0.26$			M1 for correctly writing <i>a</i> or <i>p</i> in terms of the other variable and correctly substituting (condone any one arithmetic error)
	E.g. $(a =) \frac{1.96 - 3(0.22)}{5} \text{ or } (a =) \frac{1.22 - 2(0.22)}{3} \text{ or}$ $(p =) \frac{1.96 - 5(0.26)}{3} \text{ or } (p =) \frac{1.22 - 3(0.26)}{2}$ $10 \times "0.26" + 10 \times "0.22"$ Working required	4.8(0)		 M1 (dep on M2) for substituting their value found (must be > 0) of one variable into one of the equations or for repeating above method to find second variable M1 (dep on M3) can be implied by 10(a + p) provided a and p must be > 0 A1 dep M2
				Total 5 marks

19	E.g. $2 \times 2 \times 900 \text{ or } 2^2 \times 900 \text{ or } 2 \times 3 \times 600 \text{ or}$ $2 \times 5 \times 360 \text{ or } 3 \times 3 \times 400 \text{ or } 3^2 \times 400 \text{ or}$ $3 \times 5 \times 240 \text{ or } 5 \times 5 \times 144 \text{ or } 5^2 \times 144$ E.g. E.g. E.g. 2 3600 $2 1800$ $2 1800$ $2 900$		3	M1 for at least 2 correct stages in prime factorisation which give 2 prime factors – may be in a factor tree or a table or listed eg 2, 2, 900 (see LHS for examples of the amount of work needed for the award of this mark, allow no more than one mistake ft in factor tree or table (eg one mistake with 2 prime factors ft: $3600 = 1800 \times 20 = 2 \times 900 \times 4 \times 5$ or $360 = 2 \times 2 \times 90$)
	E.g. $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$ E.g. E.g. E.g. E.g. $2 - 3600$ 2 - 1800 2 - 900 2 - 450 3 - 225 3 - 75 5 - 25 5 - 5 (1) $3 - 253 - 253 - 255 - 5(1)$ (1) $($			M1 for 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 5, 5 or 2^4 , 3^2 , 5^2 or $2^4 + 3^2 + 5^2$ (ignore 1s) (may be a fully correct factor tree or ladder)
	Working required	$2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5^2$		A1 dep on M2 can be any order (allow $2^4 cdot 3^2 cdot 5^2$) (SCB1 for $3.6 \times 2^3 \times 5^3$)
				Total 3 marks

20	0.22x = 5.48 oe or		M1
	$(1\% =) 5.48 \div 22 (= 0.24909)$ or		
	$100 \div 22 (= 4.54)$		
	$(x =) 5.48 \div 0.22$ oe or		M1
	$(100\% =) 5.48 \div 22 \times 100 \text{ or}$		
	"0.24909" × 100 or		
	5.48 × "4.54"		
	<i>Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	24.9	A1 awrt 24.9
			Total 3 marks

20	$0.22x = 5\ 480\ 000$ oe or		M1
ALT	$(1\% =) 5 480 000 \div 22 (= 249 090.9091)$ or		
1	$100 \div 22 (= 4.54)$		
	5 480 000 ÷ "0.22" oe or		M1
	$(100\% =) 5\ 480\ 000 \div 22 \times 100\ or$		
	"249 090.9091…"× 100 or		
	5 480 000 × "4.54…"		
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	24 900 000	A1 awrt 24 900 000
			Total 3 marks

21 (i)	$-7+3 \le 2x < 5+3 \text{ oe or} \frac{-7}{2} \le x-\frac{3}{2} < \frac{5}{2} \text{ oe or} -7+3 \le 2x \text{ oe and } 2x < 5+3 \text{ oe} \text{ or } (x =) -2 \text{ or } (x =) 4$		3	M1 or one side of the inequality correct, i.e., $x \ge -2$ oe or $x < 4$ Condone = rather than \le or $<$ or any other sign for the M marks.
	$\frac{-7+3}{2} \le x < \frac{5+3}{2} \text{ or}$ $\frac{-7}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \le x < \frac{5}{2} + \frac{3}{2}$ or $\frac{-7+3}{2} \le x \text{ oe and } x < \frac{5+3}{2}$ or $(x =) -2 \text{ and } (x =) 4$			M1
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious	$-2 \leq x < 4$		A1 allow $x \ge -2$ and $x < 4$
	incorrect working)			Allow [-2, 4)
(ii)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2	M1 ft for drawing a line from -2 to 4 or (indep) for a closed circle or [at -2 or (indep) for an open circle or) or [at 4 Only allow a follow through for a double ended inequality
		Correct		A1 ft for correct diagram
		diagram		Only allow a follow through for a double ended inequality
				Total 4 marks

22	$0.0027 = \frac{5.4}{(V)}$ oe		5	M1 for correctly using density = $\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$
	$(V=)\frac{5.4}{0.0027} = 2000$			M1 for correctly rearranging for V
	$\pi \times 10^2 \times h = 2000 \mathrm{oe}$			M1ft their 2000 for $\pi \times 10^2 \times h =$ their V
	$(h=)\frac{2000}{\pi \times 10^2}$ oe (= 6.3661)			M1ft their 2000 dep on previous M1 for correctly rearranging for h
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	6.4		A1 awrt 6.4
				Total 5 marks
				TOTAL FOR PAPER 100 marks

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